

Exercise: decomposition

Earlham College
BUS 323 - Fall 2025 - Labadie

In this activity, you will practice performing time series decomposition using datasets in the `fpp3` package and classical and STL decomposition. Please turn in your code with answers in comments, or a document with your answers and plots (Word doc or a PDF generated from Markdown, for example).

1. Consider the last five years of the Gas data from `aus_production`. Use the following code to get the sample: `gas <- tail(aus_production, 5*4) |> select(Gas)`.
 - (a) Plot the time series. Can you identify seasonal fluctuations and/or a trend-cycle?
 - (b) Use `classical_decomposition` with `type=multiplicative` to calculate the trend-cycle and seasonal indices.
 - (c) Do the results support the graphical interpretation from part a?
 - (d) Compute and plot the seasonally adjusted data.
 - (e) Change one observation to be an outlier (e.g., add 300 to one observation), and recompute the seasonally adjusted data. What is the effect of the outlier?
 - (f) Does it make any difference if the outlier is near the end rather than in the middle of the time series?
2. This exercise uses the `canadian_gas` data (monthly Canadian gas production in billions of cubic meters, January 1960 – February 2005).
 - (a) Plot the data using `autoplot()`, `gg_subseries()` and `gg_season()` to look at the effect of the changing seasonality over time.
 - (b) Do an STL decomposition of the data. You will need to choose a seasonal window to allow for the changing shape of the seasonal component.
 - (c) How does the seasonal shape change over time? (Try plotting the seasonal component using `gg_season()`.)
 - (d) Can you produce a plausible seasonally adjusted series?